

3rd Iberian Congress – Advances on SPH

23 -24 January 2024, Ourense, Galicia, Spain

Validation of DualSPHysics for Fluid-Structure interaction of waves and flexible floating structures

Francisco Bernardo¹, Moisés Brito¹, Rui M.L. Ferreira², João Leal³, Alejandro C. Crespo⁴, Jose M. Domínguez⁴,

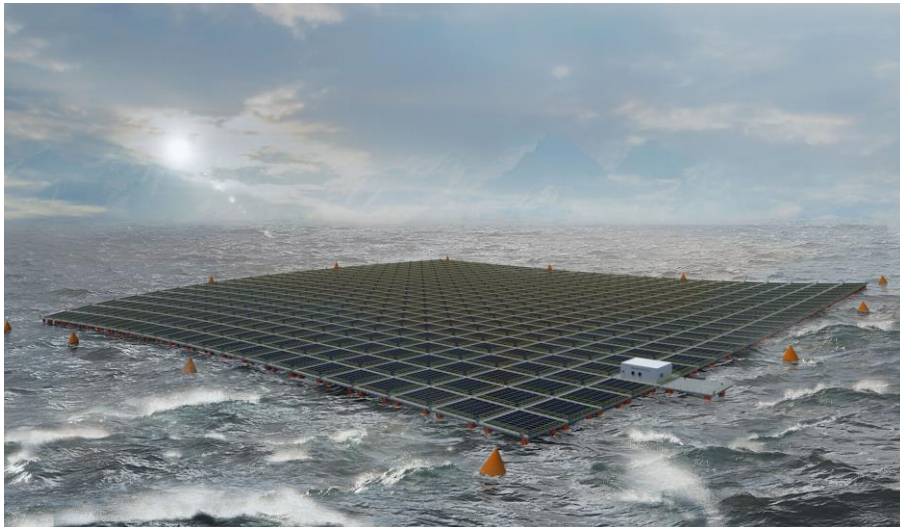
1. UNIDEMI, Department of Mechanical and Industrial Engineering, NOVA School of Science and Technology, Portugal
2. CERIS, Instituto Superior Técnico, Portugal
3. Faculty of Engineering and Science, University of Agder, Norway
4. EPHYSLAB, Environmental Physics Laboratory, CIM-UVIGO, Universidade de Vigo, Spain

Summary

1. *Motivation*
2. *Objectives*
3. *Background*
4. *Experimental Methodology*
5. *Results*
6. *Future Objectives*

Motivation

Offshore Floating Photovoltaic Systems



Example of a planned Floating PV system. (Marine Energy, March 20, 2020. Retrieved from: www.offshore-energy.biz/saipem-and-equinor-eye-offshore-floating-solar/)

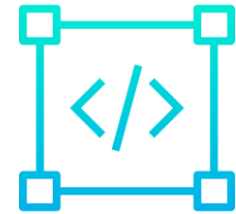


Floating PV system sharing infrastructure with offshore wind turbine. (Bernadette Geyer, June 26, 2023. Retrieved from: www.pv-magazine.com/2023/06/26/offshore-floating-vs-land-based-pv-systems/)

Motivation

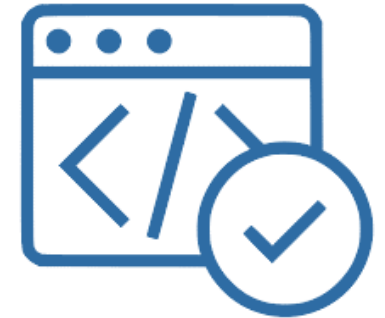
Lack of a fully coupled Fluid-Structure Interaction code for flexible structures

Advances in DualSPHysics Code allowing flexible structures



Objectives

Validate Dualshphysics for FSI with flexible structures



Use data from literature or well known case studies

Create our own experimental data

Objectives

Use data from literature or well known case studies

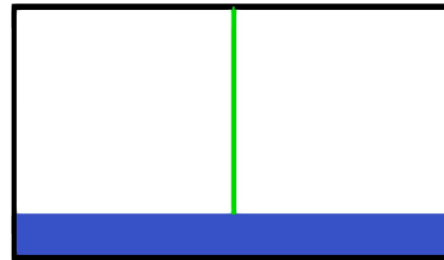
CaseTurekHronFSI2



Particles: 173,293
Physical time: 15 s
Runtime (RTX 3080 Ti): 2 h



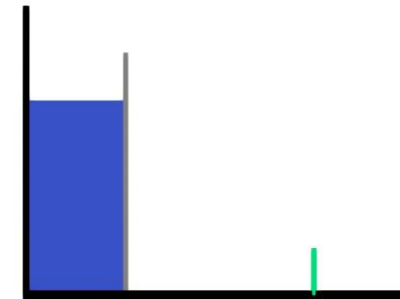
CaseRollingTankHanging



Particles: 50,022
Physical time: 5 s
Runtime (RTX 3080 Ti): 1.72 h



CaseDambreak2D_FSI



Particles: 27,946
Physical time: 1 s
Runtime (RTX 3080 Ti): 6.2 min



Time: 0.00 s

Three cases studied in DualSPHysics. (DualSPHysics youtube channel, October 16, 2022. Retrieved from: <https://www.youtube.com/@DualSPHysics>)

Objectives

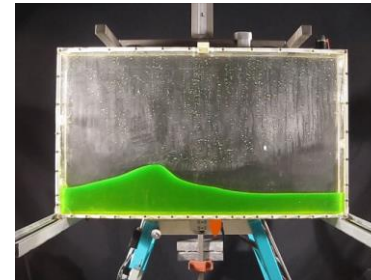
Create our own experimental data

Wave Flume



Wave Flume at DECivil, Instituto Superior Técnico, Lisbon, Portugal

Sloshing Tank



Sloshing tank at CEHINAV, Universidade Politécnica de Madrid, Madrid, Spain

Background

Why the Sloshing tank ?

Disadvantages

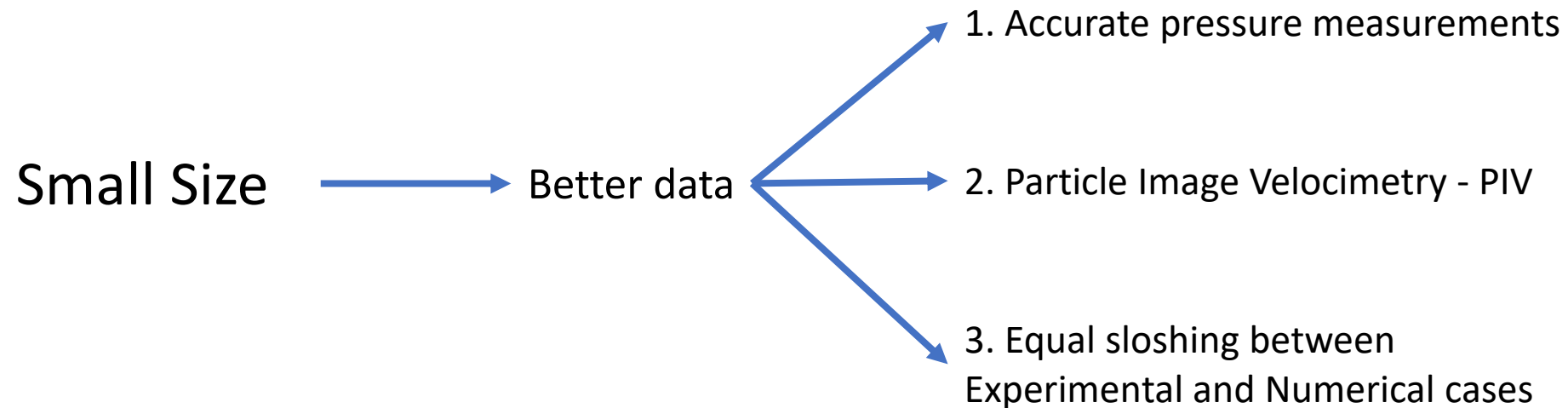
- Not real oceanlike waves
- Sidewalls

Positive aspects

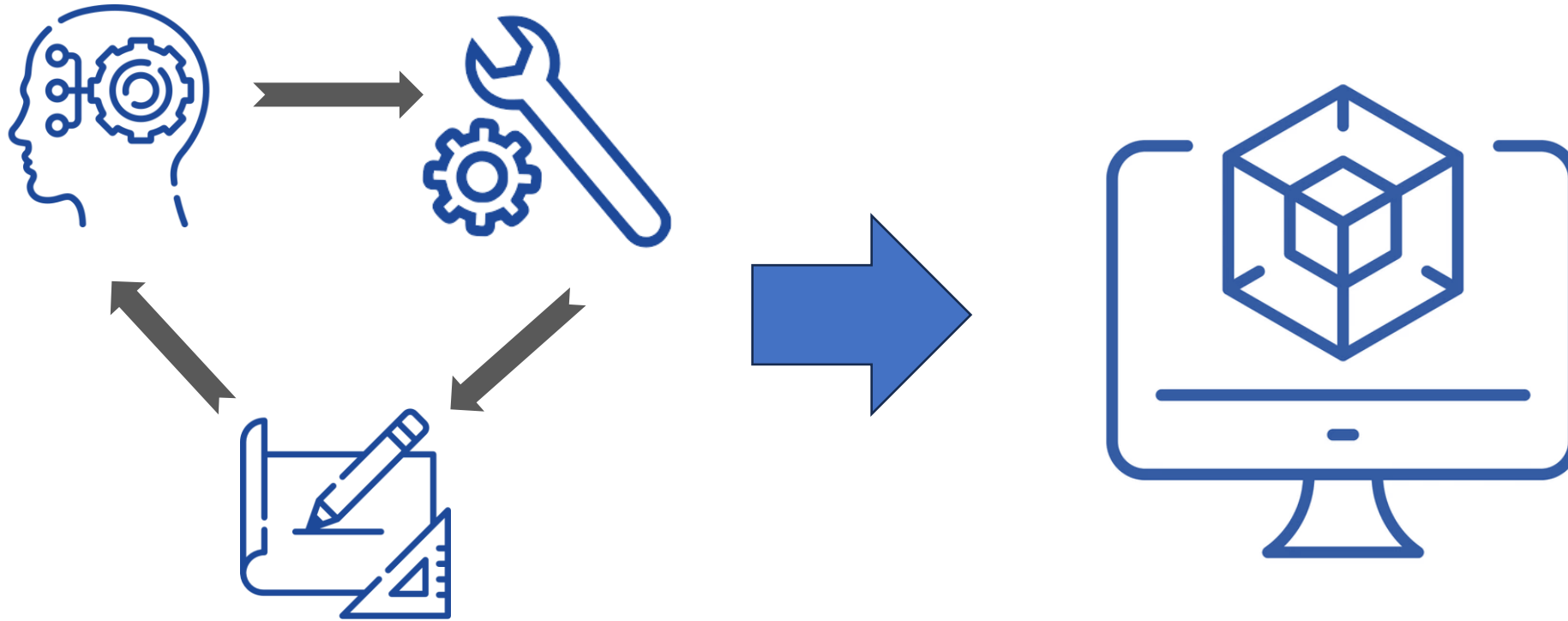
- Small size
 - Less particles in SPH
 - Better Experimental data

Background

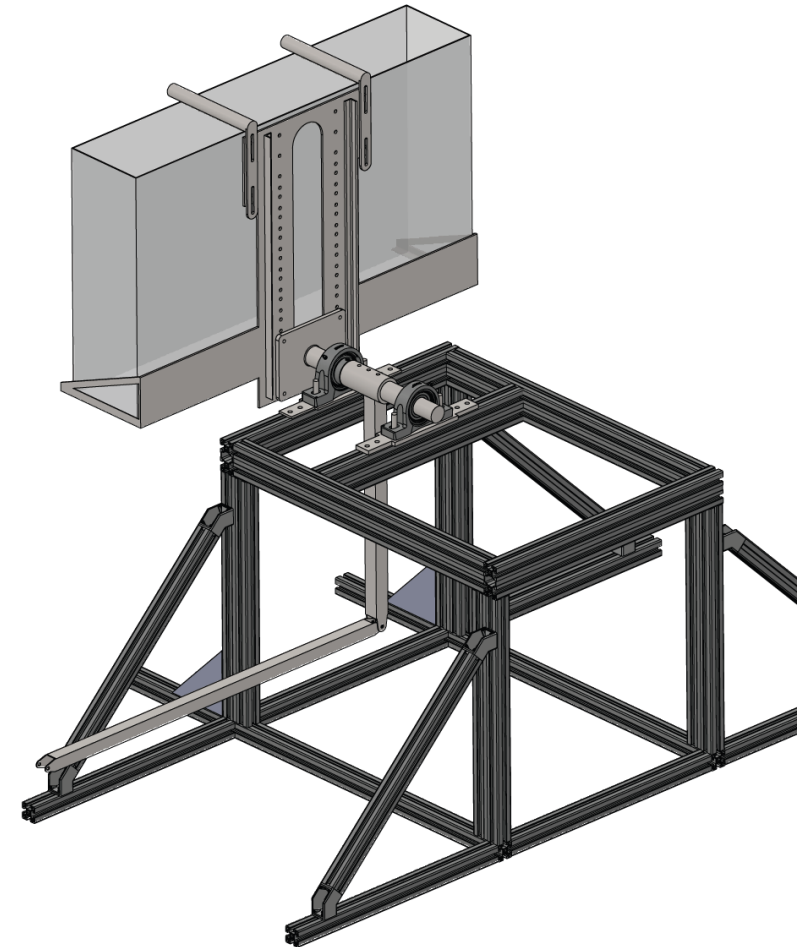
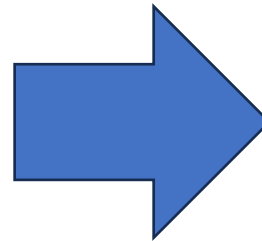
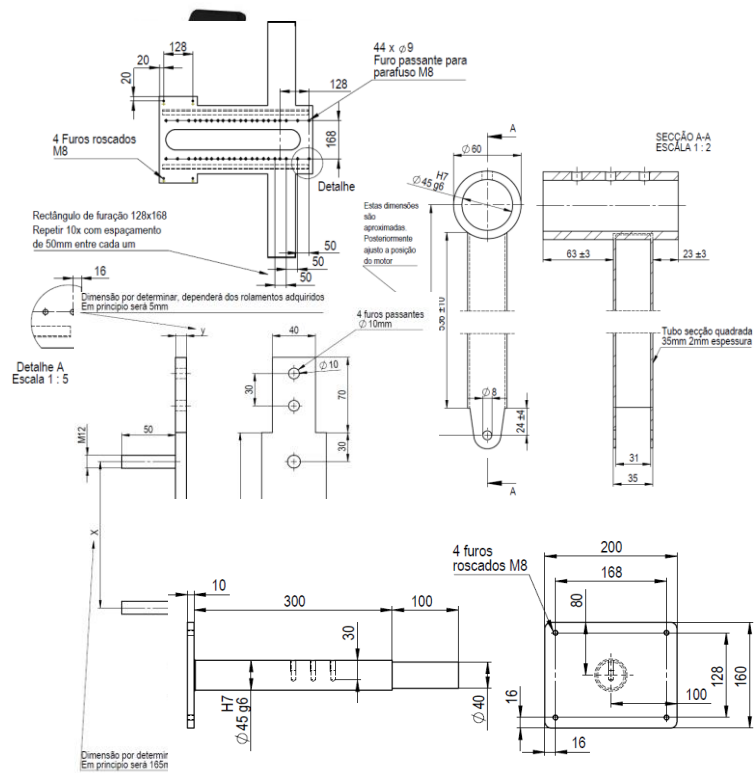
Why the Sloshing tank ?



Methodology



Methodology



Methodology

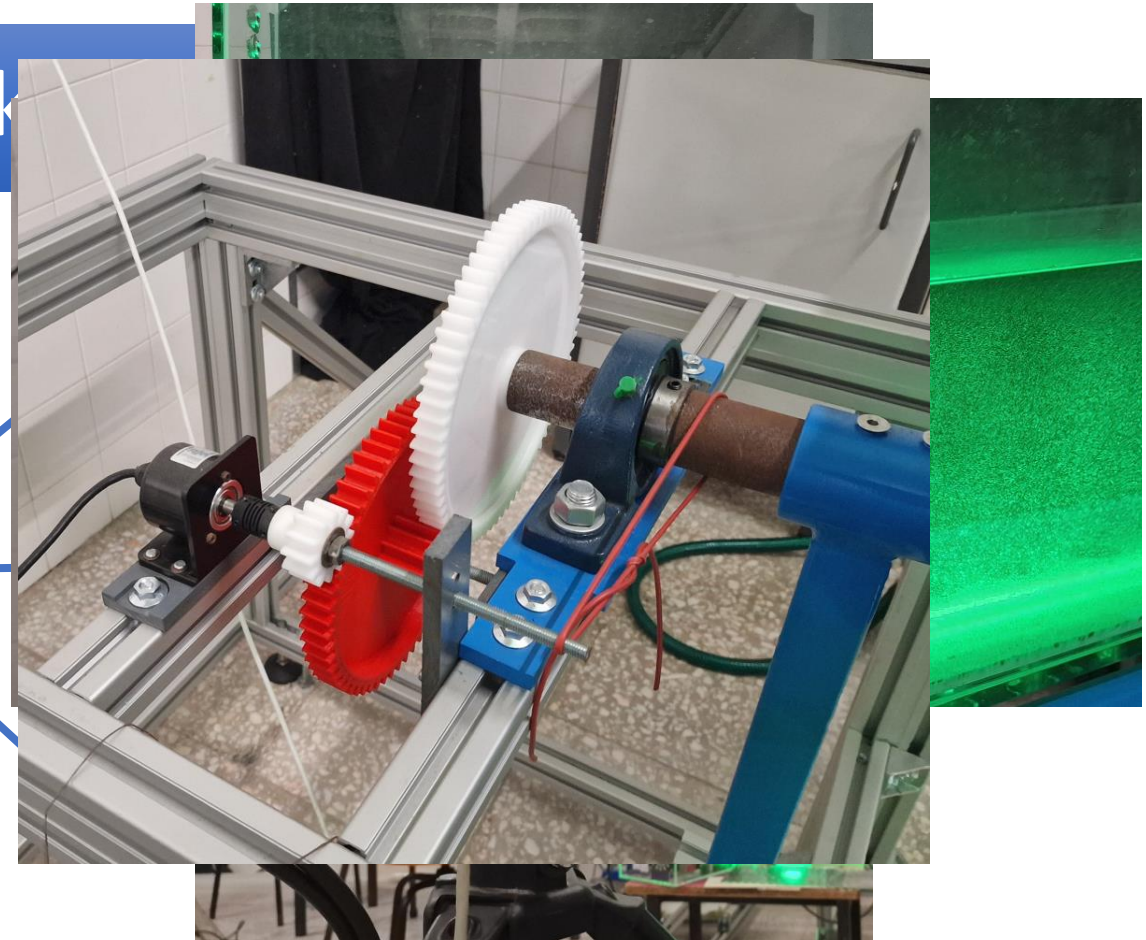


Methodology

Why the Sloshing tank

Small Size

Better data



Methodology

1. Accurate pressure measurements

Navier Stokes Equations

$$\nabla \cdot \vec{u} = 0 \longrightarrow \text{Conservation of Mass}$$

2. Particle Image Velocimetry - PIV

$$\rho \frac{D\vec{u}}{Dt} = -\nabla p + \mu \nabla^2 \vec{u} + \rho \vec{F}$$

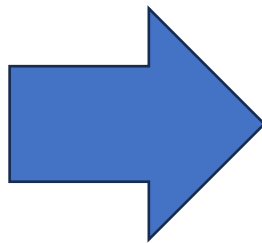
3. Equal sloshing between
Experimental and Numerical cases

Methodology

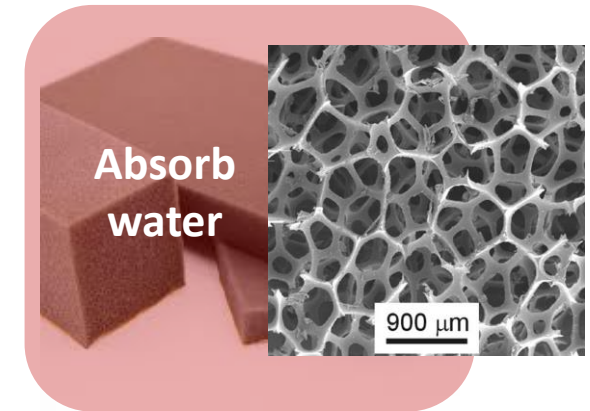
Material for floating body

Requirements

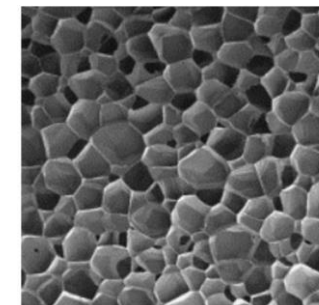
- Highly flexible
- Float on water
- Isotropic



Rubber sheet



Polyester foam



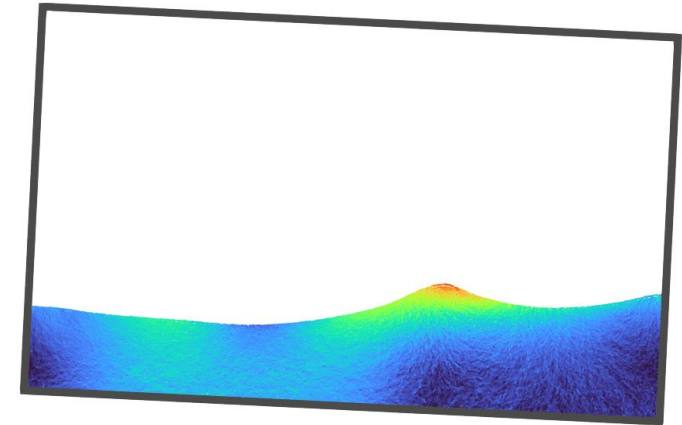
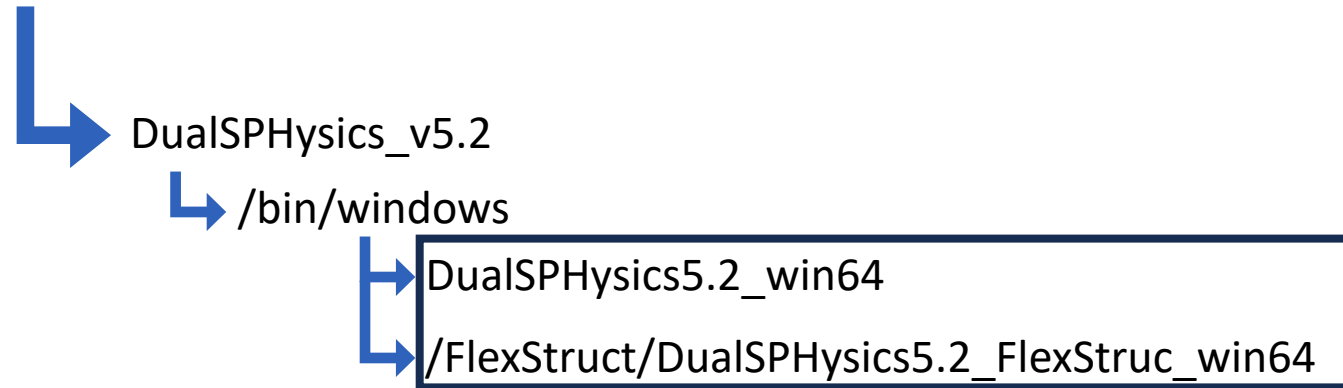
Closed cell foam

Methodology



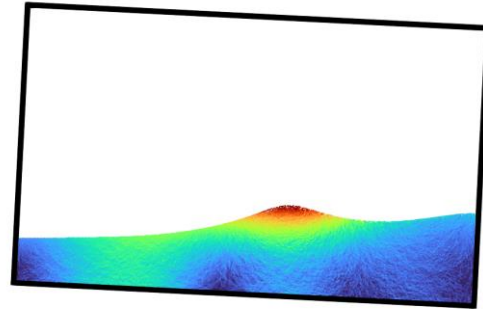
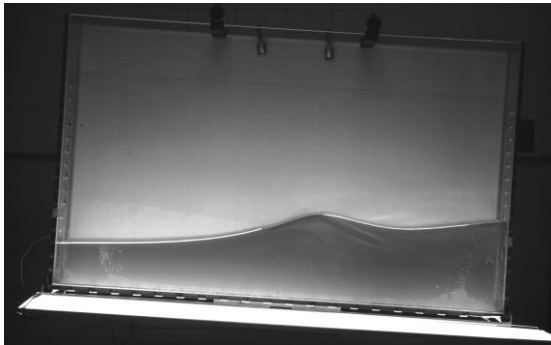
EPDM Rubber foam sheet

Methodology



Validation

1. WITHOUT FLOATING BODY

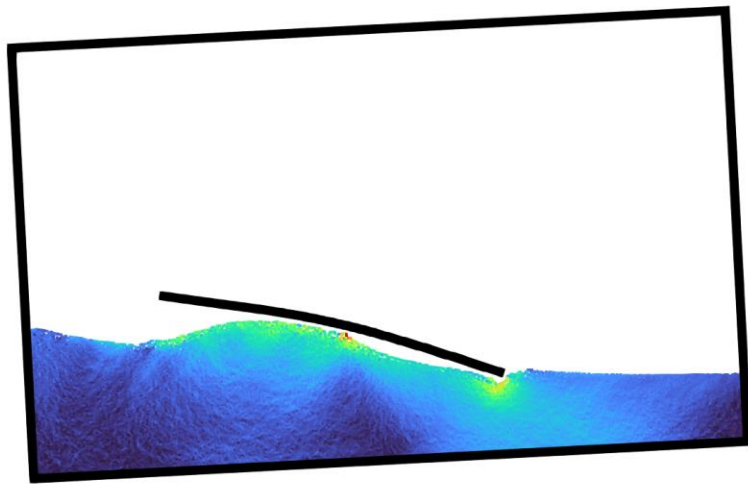


1. Pressure on tank walls

2. PIV

Validation

1. WITH FLOATING BODY

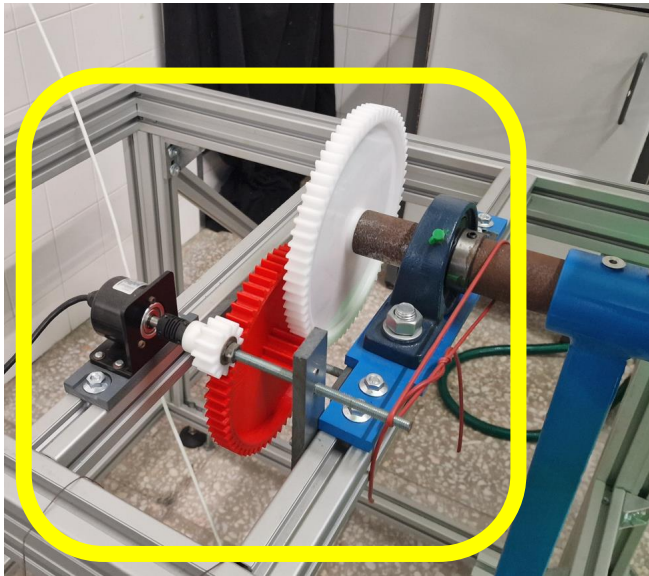


1. Pressure on tank walls

2. PIV

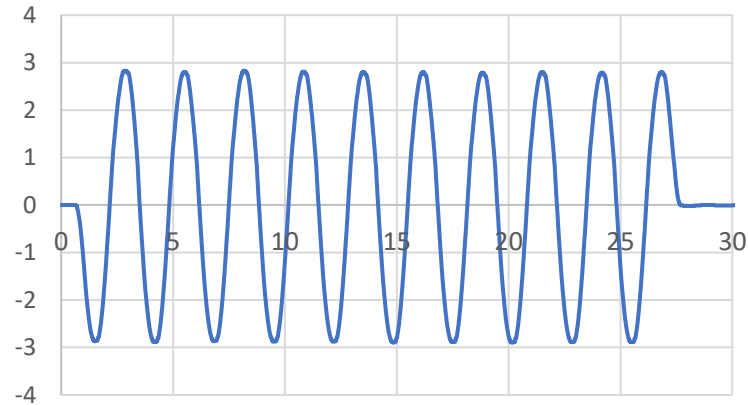
2. Body deformation

Validation



Rotary encoder with precision of 1000 points/rotation
With gears to increase precision to 31250 points/rotation
or 87 points/degree

Encoder Output for 3 degree of rotation
and frequency 0.375hz



"CoolTermCapture.dat"

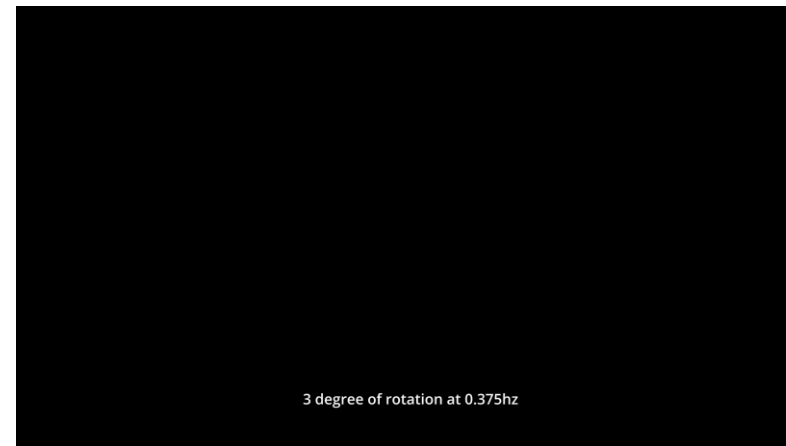
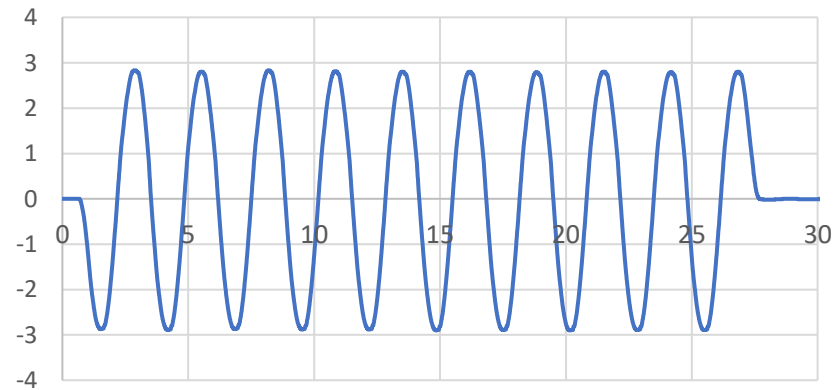


Results

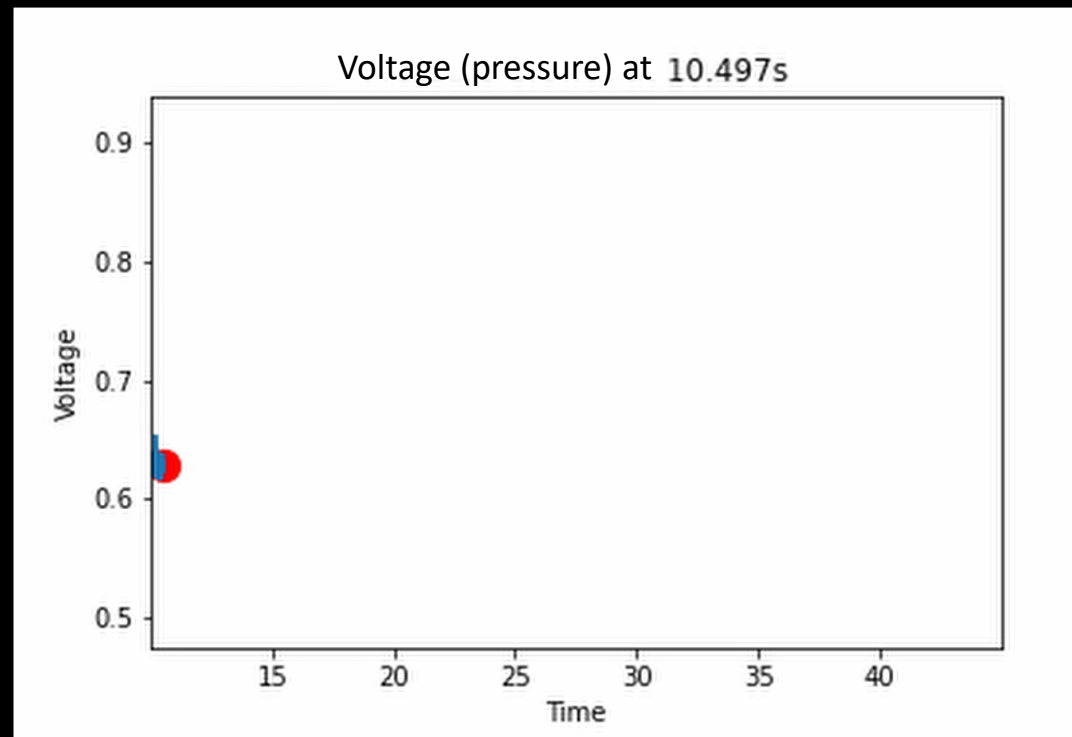
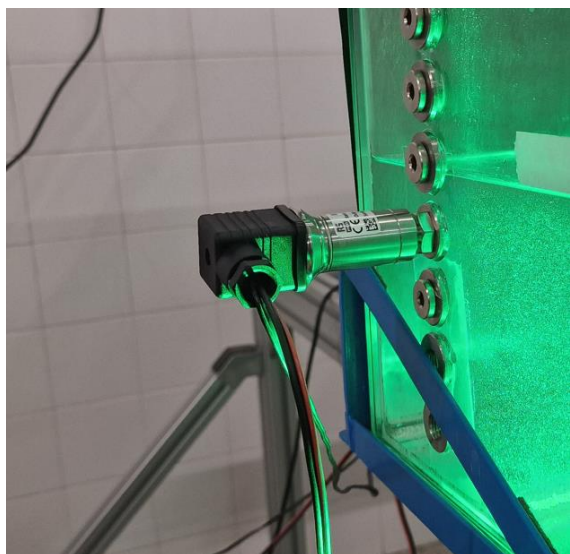


Results

Encoder Output for 3 degree of rotation and frequency 0.375hz

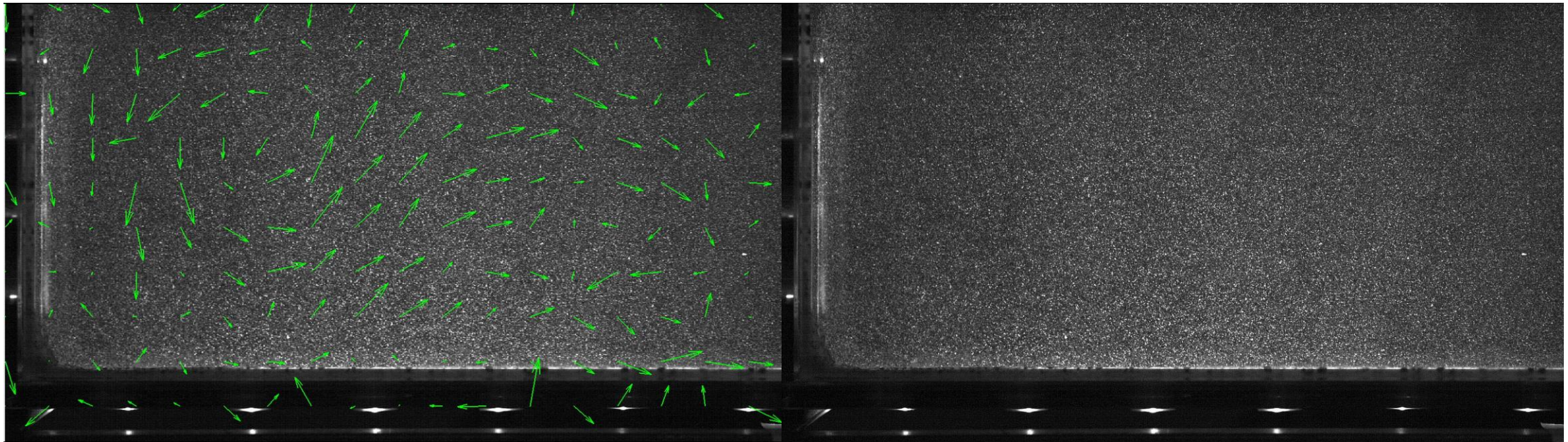


Results



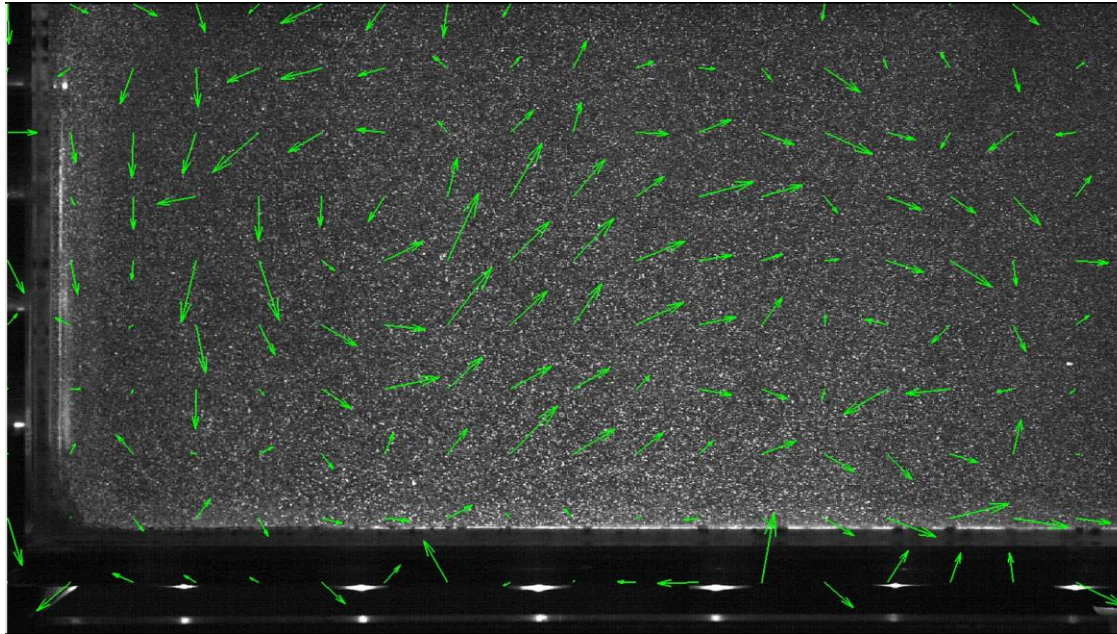
Results

Particle Image Velocimetry



Results

Particle Image Velocimetry



Results



Results



DualSPHysics does not yet contemplate collisions between type 'moving' objects

Future

1. A lot of lab work, both numerical and experimental



1. Publish Data Set Paper



2. Publish DualSPHysics FlexStruct validation paper

2. Long term possibility: validation on wave flume

3rd Iberian Congress – Advances on SPH

23 -24 January 2024, Ourense, Galicia, Spain

Validation of DualSPHysics for Fluid-Structure interaction of waves and flexible floating structures

Francisco Bernardo¹, Moisés Brito¹, Rui M.L. Ferreira², João Leal³, Alejandro C. Crespo⁴, Jose M. Domínguez⁴,

1. UNIDEMI, Department of Mechanical and Industrial Engineering, NOVA School of Science and Technology, Portugal
2. CERIS, Instituto Superior Técnico, Portugal
3. Faculty of Engineering and Science, University of Agder, Norway
4. EPHYSLAB, Environmental Physics Laboratory, CIM-UVIGO, Universidade de Vigo, Spain